INSURANCE SCAMMERS & CYBERCRIME

CYBER CRIME IS ON THE RISE
Awareness is your best defense against insurance scammers and hackers who want to steal your information.

Where Cyber Scammers Attack

- **Email**
- **Phone**
- **Social Media**

Protect yourself ... Learn the scams ...

Most cybercrimes involve identity theft. Criminals steal personal information to hack accounts and access funds. Identity theft can lead to insurance fraud. Here are some common scams.

- **Phishing**
  Scammers impersonate legitimate entities using malicious emails and texts to trick you into giving them your sensitive information.
  
  Suspect a phishing attack? Contact the proper organization directly to verify the request is real.

- **Formjacking**
  Cyber scammers hack a legitimate website to steal user information. Each time a customer fills out a form, a duplicate of the entered information is sent to the scammer. Contact the company if you suspect formjacking.

- **False Quizzes**
  Swindlers use surveys and quizzes to pry loose personal data. Launching a quiz app may give permission to pull information from your social media profile or phone, giving hackers an opening to steal your identity.

- **Public Wi-Fi**
  Using public Wi-Fi at coffee shops, libraries or other locations puts you at risk for having information stolen. Avoid storing sensitive information on your phone and never share personal information over public Wi-Fi.

Report
- Report scams to your state consumer protection office.
- Online with the FTC complaint assistant.
- Fake websites, emails, malware, and other internet scams can be reported to the Internet Crime Complaint Center.
- Some online scams start outside the United States. If you have been affected by an international scam, report it through econsumer.gov.

www.InsuranceFraud.org